PP2 LANGUAGE ACTIVITIES SCHEME OF WORK TERM ONE YEAR 2024

W E	LE SS	STRANDS	S-STRAND	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	KEY INQURY QUESTIONS	CORE COMPETENCE	VALUES	LEARNING EXPERIENCES	LEARNING RESOURCE	ASSESSM ENT	REF L
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1	1		~	D 1 1 01 1			-				
2	1-5		Common greetings and farewell related to relationsh ip	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a) Respond appropriately to greetings with reference to relationship in and out of school. b) Respond appropriately to farewell with reference to relationship in and out of school. c) Enjoy responding to greetings and farewell with reference to relationship in and out of school	1) What opportunities arise for responding to greetings with reference to relationship at home and at school? 2) What opportunities arise for responding to farewell with reference to relationship at home and at school? 3) Whose greetings do you respond to at home and at school? 4) Whose farewell do you respond to at home and at school?	Critical thinking and problem solving Communication and collaboration Self efficacy	Love Respect Unity Peace Patience	Learners could respond to greetings and farewell with reference to relationship. In pairs or small groups, learners could practise responding to greetings and farewell with reference to relationship. Learners could respond to other learners' greetings and farewell with reference to relationship using verbal and nonverbal language. Learners could be guided to respond to visitors' greetings and farewell with reference to relationship using appropriate words. Learners could be encouraged to respond to visitors and family members' greetings and farewell at home with reference to relationship using appropriate words. Learners could view recorded clips on responding to greetings and farewell with reference to relationship and imitate the same Learners could respond to greetings and farewell with reference to relationship.	Realia Charts	1.Observ ation 2.Oral question s	

								☐ In pairs or small groups,			
								learners could practise			
								responding to greetings			
								and farewell with			
								reference to relationship.			
								☐ Learners could respond			
								to other learners' greetings			
								and farewell with			
								reference to relationship			
								using verbal and non-			
								verbal language.			
								☐ Learners could be			
								guided to respond to			
								visitors' greetings and			
								farewell with reference to			
								relationship using			
								appropriate words.			
								☐ Learners could be			
								encouraged to respond to			
								visitors and family			
								members' greetings and			
								farewell at home with			
								reference to relationship			
								using appropriate words.			
								□ Learners could view			
								recorded clips on			
								responding to greetings and farewell with			
								reference to relationship			
								and imitate the same			
3	1-	LISTENIN	Listening	By the end of the sub-		Communication	Patience		Realia	.Observa	
	5	G	for	strand, the learner	1. How does a child	and	Responsi	Learners could respond to		tion	
			comprehe	should be able to:	develop	collaboration	bility	simple verbal instructions.		2.Oral	
			nsion	a) Answer questions	comprehension			☐ Learners could be		question	
				correctly after a listening	skills?	Critical thinking		engaged in listening to a		s	
				experience in class.		and problem		story and be encouraged to		-	
				b) Solve simple riddles	2. How does a child	solving		answer questions.			
				b) Solve simple riddles	2. How does a cliffd						
				in and out of school.		8		☐ Learners could answer			
					demonstrate	8					
				in and out of school.		<i>y</i>		simple questions after			
					demonstrate comprehension?			simple questions after listening to a recorded			
				in and out of school. c) Sing songs with actions in and out of	demonstrate comprehension? 3. What daily			simple questions after listening to a recorded story.			
				in and out of school. c) Sing songs with	demonstrate comprehension? 3. What daily opportunities			simple questions after listening to a recorded story. Learners could be			
				in and out of school. c) Sing songs with actions in and out of school.	demonstrate comprehension? 3. What daily opportunities require listening for			simple questions after listening to a recorded story. □ Learners could be guided to solve simple			
				in and out of school. c) Sing songs with actions in and out of	demonstrate comprehension? 3. What daily opportunities			simple questions after listening to a recorded story. Learners could be			

		and out of school. e) Take pleasure in activities that involve listening for comprehension.	4. What makes listening comprehension fun			guided to solve oral language puzzles. Learners could be guided to recite poems and rhymes with actions. Learners could practise singing songs with actions. Learners could listen to audio-visual digital comics and answer simple questions. In pairs, learners could practise solving simple riddles			
4 1-5	Active listening	By the end of the substrand, the learners should be able to: a) Pay attention to conversations in and out of school. b) Answer questions after listening to a story. c) Respond to simple instructions in and out of school. d) Appreciate the contribution of others during conversations	1. How do you show interest during a conversation? 2. When should you speak during a conversation? 3. How do you seek clarification in a conversation? 4. How do people respond to instructions? 5. How do people respond during a conversation	Communication and collaboration Critical thinking and problem solving	Patience Responsi bility	In pairs or small groups, learners could tell stories and poems while others listen. They could be encouraged to ask and answer questions. Learners could be encouraged to retell stories told by the teacher and other learners. Learners could listen to and solve riddles. Learners could view recorded content and imitate. Learners could be given simple instructions and encouraged to respond. In pairs or small groups, learners could be guided to take turns in conversations and answer simple questions. Learners could view recorded clips of their own conversations as they are appreciated and corrected. Learners could be guided to	Realia	.Observa tion 2.Oral question s	

						appreciate the contribution of others during conversations. In small groups, learners could be involved in verbal games, songs, poems and rhymes that involve turn taking. Learners could demonstrate an activity involving turn takin			
5	Passing information Auditory discrimination	By the end of the substrand, the learners should be able to: a) Convey verbal messages effectively in and out of school. b) Retell short stories in and out of school. c) Engage in dialogue in and out of school. d) Take pleasure in passing verbal messages and retelling short stories in and out of school a) Identify all letter sounds in the classroom environment. b) Differentiate closely related letter sounds in and out of school.	What opportunities arises for learners to pass information to and from parents? 2. What could learners tell their teachers about their parents? 3. What could learners tell their parents about teachers	Communication and collaboration	Love Respect	□ Learners could be asked to deliver verbal messages to and from parents/guardians. □ In pairs and small groups, learners could tell and retell news and short stories. □ Learners could be appreciated when they convey verbal messages effectively. □ Learners could be encouraged to engage in dialogue with parents. □ Learners could be engaged in short discussions and encouraged to ask and answer questions. □ Learners could be engaged in activities where they listen to an audio clip and then talk about it in pairs or in small groups Learners could be guided to articulate letter sounds. □ Learners could listen to audio clips depicting articulation of letter sounds and identify the articulated sounds	Realia	Observation	

6	1-5		Auditory discrimin ation Auditory memor	By the end of the substrand, the learners should be able to: a) Identify all letter sounds in the classroom environment. b) Differentiate closely related letter sounds in and out of school. c) Experience pleasure through play in and out of school. d) Say letter sounds after the teacher in class. e) Recall letter sounds in and out of class. f) Enjoy playing auditory memory games in and out of class.	1. What are some of the closely related letter sounds? 2. What experiences could enhance letter sound discrimination	Communication and collaboration	Responsibility	Learners could be guided to articulate letter sounds. □ Learners could listen to audio clips depicting articulation of letter sounds and identify the articulated sounds. □ Learners could articulate closely related letter sounds as demonstrated. e.g. /p/ and /b/, /t/ and /d/, /k/ and /c/, /l/ and /r/, /f/ and /v/, /s/ and /z/, /w/ and /y/, /k/and /q/. □ Learners could listen to recorded audio clips of closely related sounds and recognize the sounds. □ In pairs and small groups, learners could be involved in letter sound games. □ Learners could sing songs and recite letter sound rhymes. □ Learners could be guided to use interactive programmes on letter sounds	Realia	.Observa tion 2.Oral question s
7	1- 5	SPEAKIN G	Common greetings and farewell related to relationsh ip	By the end of the substrand, the learners should be able to: a) Use vocabulary related to greetings with reference to relationship in and out of school. b) Use vocabulary related to bidding farewell with reference to relationship in and out of school.	How do you greet people at home and at school? 2. How do you respond to greetings at school and at home? 3. How do you bid farewell at home and at school?	Communication and collaboration Critical thinking and problem solving Self efficacy	Love Respect Responsi bility	Learners could imitate greetings and farewell with reference to relationship.(e.g good morning teacher, good evening mother, Good night father) In pairs or small groups, learners could practise greetings and farewell with reference to relationship. Learners could be	Realia charts	.Observa tion 2.Oral question s

			c) Greet people appropriately with reference to relationship in and out of school d) Bid people farewell appropriately with reference to relationship in and out of school. e) Appreciate greeting and bidding people farewell with reference to relationship in and out of school.				guided to greet as well as bid farewell to visitors who come to class with reference to relationship. Learners could be encouraged to greet and bid farewell to family members at home with reference to time and relationship using appropriate words. Learners could listen to recorded clips on greetings and farewell with reference to relationship and imitate. Learners could practise greetings and bidding farewell with reference to relationship through role playing. Learners could sing interactive songs on greetings and farewell with reference to relationship			
8 1-5	SPEAKIN G	Self- expressio n Polite Language	By the end of the substrand, the learners should be able to: a) Express their needs and ideas verbally in and out of school. b) Use appropriate vocabulary to express their needs and ideas in and out of school. c) Take pleasure in expressing their ideas and needs verbally and non-verbally at home and in school d) Use appropriate	What can you say about yourself? 3. What do you do when someone wrongs you What do you say when you want to make a request? . What do you say when you want to be excused to go somewhere? . What do you say when you have wronged someone?	Communication and collaboration Critical thinking and problem solving Self efficacy	Love Respect Responsi bility	Learners could be encouraged to express their needs, ideas and thoughts freely. Learners could be encouraged to sing songs that express their needs. Learners could be appreciated when they express their needs and ideas. In pairs and small groups, learners could tell each other news and stories. Learners could be encouraged to participate in conversations on topics	Realia	.Observa tion 2.Oral question s	

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		 vocabulary when		of their choice.		
		making requests in and		☐ Learners could be		
		out of school.		engaged in discussions		
				involving problem solving		
		e) Use appropriate		tasks such as puzzles,		
		vocabulary to excuse		riddles among others.		
		self and apologize in and		☐ Learners could be		
		out of school.		encouraged to express		
		f) State the appropriate		themselves verbally in school and at home.		
		vocabulary for excusing				
		self		☐ Learners could be		
				encouraged to use		
				appropriate means when		
				expressing needs.		
				☐ The learners could be		
				encouraged to talk about		
				what they are doing during		
				activities.		
				☐ Learners could be		
				encouraged to talk about		
				themselves.		
				☐ Learners could be		
				engaged in short		
				discussions and		
				encouraged to answer		
				questions		
				questions		
				Learners could		
				demonstrate making		
				requests, excusing self and		
				apologizing. e.g. ('May I',		
				<i>Excuse me' and 'I am</i>		
				sorry,)		
				☐ In pairs or small groups,		
				learners could practise and		
				role play making requests,		
				excusing self and		
				apologizing?		
				☐ Learners could listen to		
				stories that incorporate		
				making requests, excusing		
				self and apologizing.		
				☐ Learners could view		
				video		

9	5	SPEAKIN G	Audience awarenes s	By the end of the substrand, the learners should be able to: a) Speak clearly when talking to others in and out of class. b) Speak loud enough for the audience to hear in school and at home. c) Demonstrate ability to speak confidently in and out of class. d) Enjoy speaking to others in and out of class.	How should I speak to be heard? 2. What should I do to make myself clear e.g when narrating a story, reciting a poem or rhyme	Communication and collaboration Critical thinking and problem solving Self efficacy	Love Respect Responsi bility	Learners could be encouraged to listen to recorded pieces of their own voice. Learners could be encouraged to sing songs, tell stories and recite poems and rhymes with clarity. Learners could be engaged in conversations whenever opportunities arise. In pairs and small groups, learners could be encouraged to retell stories told by adults and other learners. Individually and in groups, learners could be involved in presenting songs, poems and rhymes in class and during parade. Learners could be encouraged to make presentations and be appreciated. Learners could be given opportunities to dramatise.	Realia	ion 2.Oral question s
1 0			Passing informati on	By the end of the substrand, the learners should be able to: a) Convey messages effectively at home and in school. b) Retell short stories in and out of school. c) Use relevant vocabulary when engaging in dialogue. d) Take pleasure in	 What opportunities arise for learners to pass information to and from parents? What do learners like to tell teachers about their parents? What do learners like to tell parents? 	Communication and collaboration	Love Respect Peace Responsi bility	Learners could deliver verbal messages to and from home. In pairs and small groups learners could tell and retell news and short stories. Learners could be encouraged to convey verbal messages effectively. Learners could be engaged in dialogue with parents.	Realia	.Observa tion 2.Oral question s

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					sounds such as /p/ and /b/, /t/ and /d/, /k/ and /c/, /l/ and /r/, /f/ and /v/, /s/ and /z/, /w/ and /y/, /k/and /q/		
3		END TERM 1 ASSESSI	MENT				